



# NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM

For Special Protection Areas (SPA),  
Proposed Sites for Community Importance (pSCI),  
Sites of Community Importance (SCI) and  
for Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

SITE MT0000009  
SITENAME L-Inħawi tar-Ramla tat-Torri u tal-Irdum tal-Madonna

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## 1. SITE IDENTIFICATION

<b>1.1 Type</b>	<b>1.2 Site code</b>	<a href="#">Back to top</a>
C	MT0000009	

### 1.3 Site name

L-Inħawi tar-Ramla tat-Torri u tal-Irdum tal-Madonna

<b>1.4 First Compilation date</b>	<b>1.5 Update date</b>
2004-04	2018-05

### 1.6 Respondent:

<b>Name/Organisation:</b>	Environment and Resources Authority
<b>Address:</b>	Hexagon House, Spencer Hill, Marsa MRS 1441
<b>Email:</b>	natura.2000@era.org.mt

### 1.7 Site indication and designation / classification dates

<b>Date site classified as SPA:</b>	2004-04
<b>National legal reference of SPA designation</b>	Government Notice No. 112 of 2007, in accordance with the Flora, Fauna and Natural Habitats Protection Regulations, 2016 (S.L. 549.44)
<b>Date site proposed as SCI:</b>	2004-04
<b>Date site confirmed as SCI:</b>	2008-03
<b>Date site designated as SAC:</b>	2016-12
<b>National legal reference of SAC designation:</b>	Government Notice No. 1379 of 2016, in accordance with the Flora, Fauna and Natural Habitats Protection Regulations, 2016 (S.L. 549.44)

## 2. SITE LOCATION

### 2.1 Site-centre location [decimal degrees]:

Longitude 14.3693      Latitude 35.992

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## 2.2 Area [ha]:

74.91

## 2.3 Marine area [%]

0.0

## 2.4 Sitelength [km]:

0.0

## 2.5 Administrative region code and name

NUTS level 2 code

Region Name

MT00	Malta
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## 2.6 Biogeographical Region(s)

Mediterranean (100.0  
%)

## 3. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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## 3.1 Habitat types present on the site and assessment for them

Annex I Habitat types						Site assessment			
Code	PF	NP	Cover [ha]	Cave [number]	Data quality	A B C D	A B C		
						Representativity	Relative Surface	Conservation	Global
1210B			0.06		G	A	A	C	C
1240B			21.12		G	B	B	B	B
2110B			0.49		G	C	A	C	C
2210B			0.17		G	C	A	C	C
2220B			0.07		G	C	B	B	C
5330B			4.07		G	C	C	C	C
5410B			8.9		G	C	B	B	C
8210B			5.57		G	B	B	C	B

- **PF:** for the habitat types that can have a non-priority as well as a priority form (6210, 7130, 9430) enter "X" in the column PF to indicate the priority form.
- **NP:** in case that a habitat type no longer exists in the site enter: x (optional)
- **Cover:** decimal values can be entered
- **Caves:** for habitat types 8310, 8330 (caves) enter the number of caves if estimated surface is not available.
- **Data quality:** G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation)

## 3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and listed in Annex II of Directive 92/43/EEC and site evaluation for them

Species					Population in the site						Site assessment			
G	Code	Scientific Name	S	NP	T	Size		Unit	Cat.	D. qual.	A B C D	A B C		
						Min	Max				Pop.	Con.	Iso.	Glo.
P	4102	<a href="#">Anacamptis urvilleana</a>			p				R	P	C	C	A	B
I	4047	<a href="#">Brachytrupes megacephalus</a>			p	10	10	i	P	M	A	B	A	B
B	A243	<a href="#">Calandrella brachydactyla</a>			r				P	P	C	C	C	C
B	A010	<a href="#">Calonectris diomedea</a>			r	5	10	p		G	C	B	C	B

I	4025	<a href="#">Pseudoseriscius cameroni</a>			p				P	DD	A	B	A	B
B	A464	<a href="#">Puffinus yelkouan</a>			r	300	500	p		G	A	A	C	A
R	6095	<a href="#">Zamenis situla</a>			p				P	P	C	B	A	B

- **Group:** A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, I = Invertebrates, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles
- **S:** in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes
- **NP:** in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)
- **Type:** p = permanent, r = reproducing, c = concentration, w = wintering (for plant and non-migratory species use permanent)
- **Unit:** i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the Standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting (see [reference portal](#))
- **Abundance categories (Cat.):** C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present - to fill if data are deficient (DD) or in addition to population size information
- **Data quality:** G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation); VP = 'Very poor' (use this category only, if not even a rough estimation of the population size can be made, in this case the fields for population size can remain empty, but the field "Abundance categories" has to be filled in)

### 3.3 Other important species of flora and fauna (optional)

## 4. SITE DESCRIPTION

### 4.1 General site character

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Habitat class	% Cover
N05	35.63
N26	11.52
N24	2.26
N23	23.71
N27	1.5
N08	23.76
N04	1.62
<b>Total Habitat Cover</b>	<b>100</b>

### Other Site Characteristics

The site represents a variety of coastal habitats. The southern part consists of an Upper Coralline Limestone cliff / boulder scree community that gradually changes to rocky coast with maritime garrigue / phrygana along the northern part. A relatively small sand dune community is also found along the northern coast. The cliff faces support a typical rupestral community characterised by such plants as *Salsola melitensis* (= *Darniella melitensis*) and *Capparis spinosa*, while the exposed rocky shore is colonised by an aerohaline community dominated by *Limbarda crithmoides* (= *Inula crithmoides*). Further inland, maritime garrigue is found and this habitat supports a number of threatened species, mostly plants. Some areas of this garrigue have been partially degraded to rocky steppe, while other areas have been afforested, mainly with *Acacia saligna* and *Olea europaea*.

### 4.2 Quality and importance

This site housed the most species diverse sand dune habitat of the Maltese Islands prior to the mid-1970s, when a number of dune communities, including the *Ammophila* dunes, were replaced by other structures and communities as a result of works in the area. *Acacia saligna* was planted, parts of the dunes were levelled and an access road was constructed, currently resulting in the separation of the sand dunes from nearby boathouses. Despite such activities, the dune vegetation is now typified by a mobile *Elytrigetum* community based on *Elytrigia juncea* and *Eryngium maritimum*; and a *Crucianelletea* fixed dune community based on *Lotus cytisoides*, *Scabiosa maritima* and *Pancreatium maritimum*. This fixed dune community (*Centaureo-Ononidetum ramosissimae* subass. *lotetosum*) is only known from this locality in the Maltese Islands. A small population of the very rare *Euphorbia terracina*, typical of semi-consolidated to fixed sands, was also recently reported in the fixed dune area. The yellow dune community at the site is currently in a relatively good condition. Parasitic on *Lotus cytisoides*, which grows on the sand dunes and garrigue, is *Orobanche densiflora* f. *melitensis*, for which this site represents one of the few known localities. The sand dune area is very important for several species of invertebrates, particularly insects, that are restricted to sand dune habitats. Of importance is the fact that the systematic eradication of the invasive *Carpobrotus edulis* and the related *Aptenia* spp. from the sand dune area seems to have been successful. Garrigue dominates a large portion of this Natura 2000 site. Coastal cliffs and boulder screes (Maltese: *rdum*) also occupy a substantial proportion of the site - these constitute an important seabird breeding site, especially for the largest colony of *Puffinus yelkouan* (Annex I, Birds Directive) known from the Maltese Islands. In view of this, the *Rdum tal-Madonna* Area has been declared as an 'Important Bird Area' by BirdLife International and as an 'Important Bird Area of EU importance in Malta' by BirdLife Malta. The boulder scree habitat provides an important habitat for the reptiles *Tarentola mauritanica*, *Hemidactylus turcicus turcicus*, *Chalcides ocellatus tiligugu*, *Coluber viridiflavus carbonarius* and *Elaphe situla* (Annex II, Habitats Directive). Several plant species that grow here are endemic to Malta including *Salsola melitensis* (= *Darniella melitensis*), *Anacamptis urvilleana*, *Euphorbia melitensis*, *Allium lojaconoi*,

Limonium melitense and Limonium zeraphae. Other plant species that grow here have a restricted distribution in the Maltese Islands. These include Drimia maritima (= Urginea pancration), Filago cossyrensis, Euphorbia exigua var. pycnophylla, Daucus rupestris and Daucus lopadusanus. In addition, a number of orchid species are known from the site, including Anacamptis urvilleana (Annex II Habitats Directive), Ophrys bombyliflora and Orchis collina.

#### 4.3 Threats, pressures and activities with impacts on the site

The most important impacts and activities with high effect on the site

Negative Impacts			
Rank	Threats and pressures [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]
M	J02.05.02		i
M	B01.02		o
H	H01		i
L	A01		i
H	G01		b
L	A07		b
L	F03.02		b
M	E03.03		i
M	E03.01		i
H	G05.01		i
M	C01.01.02		i
H	I01		i
L	F03.02.01		i
M	B01		i
L	J01		o
M	G01.03		o
L	E01.02		i
L	F03.01		i
H	G02.08		i
L	A10		i
L	F03.02.03		i
M	J02.11		i
M	D01.01		i
M	D01.02		b

Positive Impacts			
Rank	Activities, management [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside /outside [i o b]

Rank: H = high, M = medium, L = low

Pollution: N = Nitrogen input, P = Phosphor/Phosphate input, A = Acid input/acidification,

T = toxic inorganic chemicals, O = toxic organic chemicals, X = Mixed pollutions

i = inside, o = outside, b = both

#### 4.4 Ownership (optional)

#### 4.5 Documentation

### 5. SITE PROTECTION STATUS (optional)

#### 5.1 Designation types at national and regional level:

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#### 5.2 Relation of the described site with other sites:

#### 5.3 Site designation (optional)

### 6. SITE MANAGEMENT

#### 6.1 Body(ies) responsible for the site management:

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Organisation:	Environment and Resources Authority
Address:	
Email:	natura.2000@era.org.mt

## 6.2 Management Plan(s):

An actual management plan does exist:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	Name: L-Inħawi tar-Ramla tat-Torri u tal-Irdum tal-Madonna Link: <a href="https://era.org.mt/en/Pages/Natura-2000-Management-Planning.aspx">https://era.org.mt/en/Pages/Natura-2000-Management-Planning.aspx</a>
<input type="checkbox"/> No, but in preparation	
<input type="checkbox"/> No	

## 6.3 Conservation measures (optional)

## 7. MAP OF THE SITES

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INSPIRE ID:

MT.ERA.MT0000009

Map delivered as PDF in electronic format (optional)

Yes  No

Reference(s) to the original map used for the digitalisation of the electronic boundaries (optional).

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